Prepositions of Place English Grammar Rules

Prepositions of Place are used to show the position or location of one thing with another.

It answers the question "Where?"

Below we have some examples of Prepositions of Place:

IN FRONT OF



The dog is in front of the man.



The dog is behind the postman.

NEXT TO

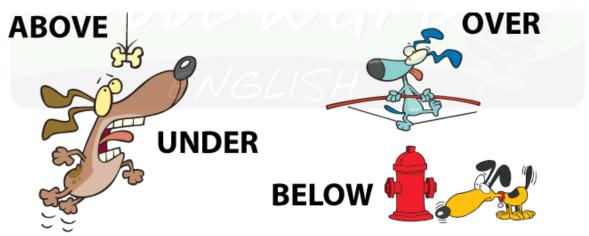


The dog is next to the bones.

BETWEEN



The bone is between the two dogs.



The bone is above the dog. The dog is under the bone.

The blue dog is over the fire hydrant. The fire hydrant is below the blue dog.



The dog is in the bed.
There is a thermometer in its mouth.



The dog is on the table.
The woman has dog saliva on her.

In front of

- A band plays their music in front of an audience.
- The teacher stands in front of the students.
- . The man standing in the line in front of me smells bad.
- Teenagers normally squeeze their zits in front of a mirror.

Behind

Behind is the opposite of In front of. It means at the back (part) of something.

- · When the teacher writes on the whiteboard, the students are behind him (or her).
- Who is that person behind the mask?
- I slowed down because there was a police car behind me.

Between

Between normally refers to something in the middle of two objects or things (or places).

- . There are mountains between Chile and Argentina.
- The number 5 is between the number 4 and 6.
- There is a sea (The English Channel) between England and France.

Across From / Opposite

Across from and Opposite mean the same thing. It usually refers to something being in front of something else BUT there is normally something between them like a street or table. It is similar to saying that someone (or a place) is on the other side of something.

- I live across from a supermarket (= it is on the other side of the road)
- The chess players sat opposite each other before they began their game.
 (= They are in front of each other and there is a table between them)

Next to / Beside

Next to and Beside mean the same thing. It usually refers to a thing (or person) that is at the side of another thing.

- At a wedding, the bride stands next to the groom.
- Guards stand next to the entrance of the bank.
- He walked beside me as we went down the street.
- In this part of town there isn't a footpath beside the road so you have to be careful.

Near / Close to

Near and Close to mean the same thing. It is similar to next to / beside but there is more of a distance between the two things.

- · The receptionist is near the front door.
- This building is near a subway station.
- · We couldn't park the car close to the store.
- Our house is close to a supermarket.

On

On means that something is in a position that is physically touching, covering or attached to something.

- The clock on the wall is slow.
- He put the food on the table.
- I can see a spider on the ceiling.
- We were told not to walk on the grass.

Above / Over

Above and Over have a similar meaning. The both mean "at a higher position than X" but above normally refers to being directly (vertically) above you.

- Planes normally fly above the clouds.
- There is a ceiling above you.
- · There is a halo over my head.;)
- We put a sun umbrella over the table so we wouldn't get so hot.
- · Our neighbors in the apartment above us are really noisy.

Over can also mean: physically covering the surface of something and is often used with the word All as in All over.

- · There water all over the floor.
- · I accidentally spilled red wine all over the new carpet.

Over is often used as a Preposition of Movement too.

Under / Below

Under and Below have a similar meaning. They mean at a lower level. (Something is above it).

- · Your legs are under the table.
- · Monsters live under your bed.
- · A river flows under a bridge.
- · How long can you stay under the water?
- · Miners work below the surface of the Earth.

Sometimes we use the word underneath instead of under and beneath instead of below. There is no difference in meaning those they are less common nowadays.

Under is often used as a Preposition of Movement too.